

Christ: Peccable or Impeccable?

I. Christology Of Christ –

A. The Deity Of Christ

1. Christ was _____ God with a complete _____ nature – John 1:1, 14; Isa 9:6; John 8:58, 5:18
2. Christ possessed _____ of the _____ of God - Col 2:9

B. The Humanity Of Christ

1. Christ was fully _____ with a _____ Human nature
 - a. He experienced normal human _____ - Luke 2:40, 52
 - b. He experienced human _____ - John 11:33, 35; Matt 9:36
 - c. He experienced human _____ - John 19:28; Matt 4:2; Luke 8:23
2. Christ had a _____ and a _____ - Matt 26:38; Mark 8:12
3. Christ was born _____ a sin nature because of the Virgin birth

C. The Hypostatic Union

1. The union of these two _____ and _____ natures (the divine and human natures)
 - a. The two natures were united _____ of separate identity

II. Was Christ Peccable Or Impeccable?

A. Jesus Christ Was Sinless

1. Verses indicating the sinlessness of Christ
 - 1 John 3:5, 1 Peter 2:22, Hebrews 4:15, Hebrews 7:26, 2 Corinthians 5:21
2. Christ _____ that He was sinless – John 8:46
3. The great accuser (Satan) could not find any _____ – John 14:30
4. Judas claimed that he betrayed _____ blood - Matt 27:4

B. Defining The Terms

1. Peccable means that Christ was _____ in His humanity.
 2. Impeccable means that Christ _____ in His humanity
- If Christ could not sin why was Christ Tempted?

C. The Problems Related To (or arguments against) The Impeccability Of Christ

1. Problem one – If Adam was susceptible to sinning while being a sinless man with a sinless human nature, then was not Christ, the last Adam (1Cor 15:45), also susceptible to sinning?
2. Problem two – If the divine nature of Christ overruled His human nature, then were not the attributes of the human nature violated, and did this not cause Christ to cease being human?
3. Problem three – If Christ was not able to sin, then are not the Scriptures wrong to say that Christ was tempted by Satan and that Christ was tempted in all things as we are? - Heb 4:15; James 1:13
4. Problem four - If Christ could not sin, how can He genuinely sympathize with the believer when he is tempted?

D. The Proofs Of Christ's Impeccability

1. His _____ requires it – Hebrews 13:8
2. His _____ requires it - Matthew 8:16, 10:1, 28:18
3. His _____ requires it - Matthew 9:4: Mark 2:6-8: John 1:47-48
4. The _____ of God requires it - Isaiah 46:9-11

How does all of this apply to you?